ments of our neighbors of the Intelligencer in regard joid:

The ceremony of the inauguration of the Warren clase at Bunker Hill, on Wednesday last, the anniversary of the battle which has given immortality to the day and to the name of the leader and of the field where he havely fought and nobly fell, was eminently brilliant and successful. The Beston papers represent the procession as most imposing. "The great features of it (says the Post) were the military and the Masonic traternity. The military turned out nobly to meet the New York troops and in this did themselves infinite credit. Our well-disciplined companies presented their usual soldierly appearance. But what shall we say of the aplendid New York National Guard? There is but one feeling, that of admiration, at their appearance. When passing through wide streets, where their platoons were fully extended, the precision of their step, the beautiful regularity of their burnished arms, their noble military bearing in every respect, presented a military spectacle of the finest character. The scene at the monument grounds was grand. The pavilion, with a capacity of holding seven thousand persons, was soon filled, and, after the military had retired, the alrests presented a compact mass of people. This vast amilience were enabled, by the excellent arrangements, to hear most, if not all the speaking. The exercises were commenced under the direction of Col, Aspinsall, the chief marshal, who discharged his duttes in a felicitous manner. The services, crusisting of music, unveiling the statue, speaking, and masonic ceremonies, were of an unusurally interesting character, and there was really eloquent speaking. The addresses of our own ontors were received with great applause, and the distinguished gentlemen from other States who honored the occasion with their presence ware heard with marked and gratifying attention, and their patriotic sentiment of a love of liberty and devotion to the Union which the great event of the 17th of June, 1775, may be said to have r

Remarks of the Hon. James M. Mason at the Bunker Hill Cele-bration on the 17th instant.

Me. Persident and Gentlemen of the Bunker Hill.
Association: Honored by your gracious invitation to withest this grand and imposing spectacle, I had thought I came here as a witness only. I had not thought that I should be called upon to become an actor in the scene. I am, for the first time, present at Bunker Hill, and in the presence of the descendants and successors of that gallant and devoted band who laid down their lives upon this soil that we might live as freemen. They have left you, my countrymen, a heritage that has been unknown to the world since the most palmy days of Greece and Rome—they have left you the heritage of an immortal name; and, more, they have left you the heritage of their example.

Who were they? The country people assembled in a herry. To meet whom? The yeterans of old England. Where? Upon the soil of an English colony. Why? That they might convince the world, as they convinced the fee, that they possessed the spirit of resistance to tranny from any quarter it might come, [applause:] Me. PRESIDENT AND GENTLEMEN OF THE BUNKER HILL

kery. To mest whom? The velerans of old England. Wher?! Ignen the soil of an English colony. Why? That they might convince the world, as they convinced the foe, that they possessed the spirit of resistance to yamy from any quarter it might come, [applause :] as that gallant man, whom you in honoring honor yourselest; that gallant man who was the most distinguished visin upon that distinguished field, could he have research from it, although he could not have said, like his Spartas predecessor at Thermopyle did, "do, stranger, and tell it at Locedemon that we laid down our lives in decline to the laws of Sparta," because at that day, as countrymen, we had no law: the empire of British rule had ended: the enspire of American rule had not legal; there was no law but the fixed, indomitable purper, the stern and iron rule, and the totally land to she we will be spartan language, he might have said to she sachusettis, "Tell it to your sons in Massachusetts, that it is handed down from generation to generation, that here, upop Bunker list, was laid the corner-stone of American Independence, canciled with our blood." [Applause.]

My countrymen have been well sud beautifuly told, by the justly-distinguished gentleman who was the orator of the day, that at Bunker Hill, eighty-tago years ago, when the recolution was imagentated, the rule of the British rule decided on this continent. Other battles were backly, other sufferings were endured, privations that would be incredible to those who did not witness them were such in the fifth now. I shall tell it in the day from generation to generation, he would have found had Massachusetts to hand down the memory of that would be incredible to those who did not witness them, were sufficient when I return to her blookes hills, that I found that find many and the sufficient was sufficient was a sufficient was sufficient was formed to the fifth now. I shall tell it in the large was the part of the first was when that take was formed why was all the beauty of your beautiful wis named

SENATOR MASON, OF VIRGINIA, AT BUNKER HILL. ker Hill yet lives in Massachusetts. (Loud and long-con-

MR. CLAY ON DISTRIBUTION.

We have seen (says the Nashville Union) no arguent against distribution more forcible or embraced in fewer words than the following, taken from a speech of Mr. Clay's delivered June 11, 1832. It states a fact that cannot fail to lay hold upon the public mind. Read it :

public mind. Read it:

"In making this inquiry, the first question which presents itself is, whether it is expedient to preserve the existing duties in order to accumulate a surplus in the treasury for the purpose of subsequent distribution among the several States. I think not. If the collection for the purpose of such a surplus is to be made from the pockets of one portion of the people to be ultimately returned to the same pockets, the process would be attended with the certain less from the charges for collection and with the loss also of interest while the money is performing the necessary circuit, and it would therefore be unwise. If it is to be collected from one portion of the people and given to another, it would be unjust. If it is to be given to the States in their corporate capacity, to be used by them in their public expenditure, I know of no principle in the constitution which authorizes the federal government to become such a collector for the States, nor of any principle of safety or propriety which admits of the States becoming such recipients of gratually from the general government."

We are indebted to the Hartford (Connecticut) Times of Saturday last for the following additional mied Virginia senator, and also the appropriate com- information in relation to the recent frauds on the

Pension Office:

"On information communicated by the Pension Bureau to Mr. Shipman, United States attorney, William Browning of New London, and Charles B. Miner, of Waterford, in this State, were arrested a few days since and arraigned before Hon. J. P. C. Mather, United States commissioner at New London, on a charge of defrauding the United States by means of fulse and forged applications for bounty land. The defendants plead not guilty. In the progress of the examination the fact was developed that one of the persons whose name was attached to an application for land had been dead thirty-four years! Others had been dead for periods of six, nine, and fifteen years. Of course, their applications must have been forged, and the affidavits in support of them must have been either false or forged, or both.

"The defendants are both men somewhat advanced in life, perhaps about fifty years of age. The examination has not been concluded; in the mean time, Browning is held under bonds for \$4,000, and Miner \$5,000. The hearing will be proceeded with next week. A. Converse, esq., appeared for the defendants."

THE BELGIAN EMEUTE.

The Journal of Commerce publishes the following extract of a letter from a young American, who was an eye-witness of the late emeute in Brussels, to a

friend in this country : "You will doubtless have read about the disturbances in Belgium, but all you will read in the papers is very exaggerated. I was in the midst of the greatest gathering, and was thus an eye-witness to the exceeding good order of the crowd. This true, in one or two cases there were a lew (and very few) panes of glass broken, but the better class of the community being at the head of the movement, nothing in the way of real violence was reasonably to be feared; and instead of the Belgian people sinking, in my estimation, in consequence of these demonstrations, quite the contrary is the case. They have shown the government that while they are a good law-abiding people they will not submit to the axe being laid at the root of their liberties. A grand principle was involved in the question in dispute, and had the law passed, and no revolution taken place, it would only have been postponing a knife's cut for a future sabre's gash. I am glad the whole matter has been quisted, at least for the present, by the wise action of the King." "You will doubtless have read about the disturbance

THE COST OF BLACK REPUBLICANISM.

The following pregnant facts and figures, which we find in a late number of the Boston Post, need no

"The current State expenditures in 1841 were \$400,-000, in 1851 \$642,000, and in 1856 they had grown to \$1,335,000! a sum greater than the aggregate expenses of all the other New England States!

"For twenty years, from 1833 to 1852, a State tax was levied but twice; and then only for \$75,000 at each time; total, \$150,000! There has been an annual State tax for four years, an average tax of over \$400,000, amounting in the aggregate to \$1,650,000; and there is now needed a tax of \$800,000 to pay current expenses!

"Notwithstanding this enormous tax, the State debt has been ipereased, in four years, \$1,206,650; thus nearly THREE MILLIOES of dollars have been spent over and above the ordinary revenue from other sources, which for twenty years was sufficient to carry on the government!"

The complimentary dinner at Philadelphia to Hon. W. B. Reed, the new minister to China, was to have

column that the Hon. Wm. B. Reed has accepted the invitation of a large number of his fellow-citizens to partake of a public dinner previous to his departure for China, and that the dinner will take place at the La Pierre House on Monday next, the 22d inst., at six o'clock, p. m. Mr. Roed's selection by the President for this highly-important mission has given unusal satisfaction, as well to the democracy as to the patriotic old-line whigs of the city, and this profiered compliment testifies at once the confidence and regard of the community, and the high national advantages which all carnestly hope may result from his diplomatic labors in that remote quarter."

THE MEMPHIS APPEAL.

This able and efficient organ of the democracy came to us yesterday in an enlarged form. The editors of the Appeal, in noticing this substantial evidence of increased prosperity and influence, modestly observe:

estly observe:

"It may have been thought by some that our Daily was already large enough, but we found it impossible to do justice both to our readers and our advertising customers. Our enlarged sheet will enable us to accommodate both, and we shall have it in our power to supply our subscribers with a larger variety of reading matter. Desides, wa feel a desire that the Appeal shall go forth to the world as a proper and faithful reflex of the great and growing prosperity of our city, as well as an index of the onward and upward march of democracy."

Washington Branch Railroad.

PROM Washington at 6, a. m., connecting at Relay with trains for the West, and at Baltimore with those for Phila-cephia and New York.

At 8.30, a. m., for Annapolis, Baltimore, Philadelphia, and New

ick train.

Express at 4.20, p. m., at Relay for the West, and for Annapolls Baltonere, Philadelphia, and New York.

On Sunday at 7, a. m., and 4.20, p. m.

Pron Ballimore for Washington.
At 4.15 and 9.15, n. m., and at 3 and 5.15, p. m.
On Sunday at 4.15, a.m., and 6.15, p. m.
T. H. PARSONS, Agent.

Modern Languages.

ed to Washington with the intention to reside permanently in a capital of the United States, offers his services to the clerks d other employees of government, or any other persons who wish acquire a correct pronunciation and grammatical instruction in the earth, Spaniesh, and German languages. Wishing to be as reasonable his charges as he has formerly been during his five years' stay in-schington, he will begin a summer course in either of these languages at moderate prices. Persons whing to join these classes are quested to leave their names with Mr. D. S. Pyson, Pharmacoutist, 788 Fennes leaving and the price of the p

requested to leave their names wan are as a solid temply ann avenue. Colleges or other acholostic institutions who wish to secure in advance the services of an efficient teacher, one who comes back to Mashington from Europe with the highest teatmonials, will do well to address a line to Prof. Daniel E. Groux, post office Washington, D. C. The authoriber would take great pleasure in instructing select private classes, formed in parlicular neighborhoods, by either takes or vantegraphs.

ELLIOTT'S HISTORY OF NEW ENGLAND. 2

Ivois, 8 vo. \$4.

Irving's Exteth Book. 1 vol., 16mo. 60 cents.
Irving's Tales of a Traveller. 1 vol., 16mo. 60 cents.
Salmagundi. 1 vol., 16mo. 60 cents.
Rosssenu's Confessions, translated. Second period. 1 vol. \$1 25.
Ruskin's Médern Painters. Vol. 4. \$1 25.

Marriage as it is and should be; by Rev. John Bayley. 1 vol. 75 periods.

cents.

Bodd's Modern Horse Doctor. 1 vol. \$1.

Bodd's Anatomy and Physiology of the Horse. One large volu
with plates. \$2.

June 20

FRANCE TAYLOG FRANCK TAYLOR. DEPARTMENT NEWS.

Clerks to District Land Officers.—The newly-appointed register of a district land office having recently advised the General Land Office that he had appointed a clerk. who had taken the necessary oath of office, at the same time requesting that the acts of such clerk in his (the name should be regarded as official, has been registers) hand should be regarded as official, has been informed that under no circumstances whatever could the acts of a clerk be regarded as official, or his signature to official papers be permitted or recognised—there being no authority of law for a land officer to delegate his powers to another, and such acts could not be sanctioned. This is in accordance with a long-established rule of the de-

Resignation. - Lieut. Wm. H. Wilcox, of the United

Naval. —We understand that the Navy Department has determined not to send the steamer Arctic on the sur-veying expedition on the Isthmus of Darien, for which tigut. Craven has been designated. This vessel has been temporarily transferred to the coast survey, to be employed under Lieut. Berryman in taking deep-sea soundings connected with that branch of the service.

The Water-Witch has been ordered to proceed to Phil-adelphia to convey the stores and effects of the minister to China to the Minnesota, now lying in the harbor of Noriolk, and expected to sail on the 25th, or soon there after, for her destination in the East.

From the N. O. Delta of June 14. LATER FROM MEXICO.

Through the politeness of the officers of the schooner lames J. Day, which arrived at this port yesterday eveding, we have received our files from the city of Mexico to the 30th. The intelligence of an attempt in that city to overthrow the government of Comonfort, and to re-establish that of Santa Anna, is fully confirmed. The Siglo Diez y Nuce: says that, upon receiving information concerning this new conspiracy, the governor, on the 26th uit, surprised and effected the arrest of the members of ult., surprised and effected the arrest of the members of the committee who were preparing their plans in an edu-cational seminary under the direction of a lady named Micaela Arroyo. Senor Baz, when entering, was seen to give the sign and countersign agreed upon between the conspirators. The following persons were arrested on the spot: Vicente Perez Treja, a captain of Invalids; Manuel Aguillar, nephew of the late minister of Gobervos, a Spaniard; Pedro Romero, Heutenant of police; Captain Francisco Castillo, captain of Balderas; Domingo Herran, the individual who committed, by order of Calvo, the robbery of the express train in San Luis; Pedro Velez, Antonio Rubalcaha de Riso, a sub-lientenant; Don José Arrozola, a lieutenant of police and brother-inlaw of the governor; Don Manuel Evia, lieutenant of police; Don. José M. Moreno, an ex-colonel; Don Vicente Tapio, an ex-colonel; Don Jesus Soria, an ex-captain, and several other officers. Many succeeded in effecting their escape. Various documents were found in their possession, among which were letters from Alfaro and Santa Anna, which prove, beyond a doubt, the treason-able designs of the party. Several of the culprits are persons who have already offended in the same manner, and have been set free after swearing allegia tablished government. They have been attached to the chain-gang, and will be sent off to Yupatan.

United States Patent Office

Washington, June 22, 1857.

ON the petition of Joseph Battin. of Philadelphia,
Pa., praying for the extension of a patent granted to him on the
onth of October, 1843, for an improvement in "machines for breaking
coat," for severy spars from the expiration of said patent, which takes
place on the 6th day of October, 1867.

R is ordered that the said petition be heard at the Patent Office on
Monday, the 21st of September next, at 12 a clock, in.; and all persons
are notified to appear and show datase, if any they have, why said petition ought not to be granted.

Persons opposing the extension are required to file in the Patent Office their objections, specially sat forth in writing, at least twenty
days before the day of hearing. All testimony shed by either party
to be used at the said hearing must be taken and transmitted in accorlapse with the rules of the office, which will be fernished on application.

P. S.—Editors of the above papers will please copy, and send bills to the Patent Office, with a paper containing this notice. June 23—law3w

THIS, IS TO GIVE NOTICE, that the subscriber hath obtained from the orphans' court of Washington county, is the District of Columbia, letters of administration on the persons estate of William B. Scot, late of Washington county, deceased. Alpersons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warms W. B. Reed, the new minister to China, was to have been given last evening. The Philadelphia Argus of Saturday says:

Saturday says:

The philadelphia argus of Saturday says:

Bank of the Merropous, Washington, June 22, 1857. MIE BOARD OF TRUSTEES have this day de-clared a dividend of four percent on the capital stock of the ank out of the profits of the bank for the half year ending the 30th sank out of the profits or the man, that,
in that.

The same will be payable on and after the 1st of July ensuing.
RICHARD SMITH,
Cachie

July 23-d3if

WASHINGTON, D.C. Office No. 12, Louislana avenue.

N EW ENGLISH BOOKS.—The Munster Festival.

By Gerald Griffin. 55 cents.

Schinderhannes, the Robber of the Ways. By Gerald Griffin. 84 cents. Collegians. By Geral Griffin. 38 cents. inderhannes, the Robber of the Rhine. By Leitch Ritchie.

The Riyale. By Gorald Griffin. 38 cents.

Guy Fawkes. By W. H. Amsworth. 38 cents.

The American Merchant in Europe, Asia, and Australia. By Geo.
Francis Train, of Boston. \$1 25.

The History of Amelia. By Fielding. Bustradd by Phiz. To cts.
For sale at

June 23—31. Bookstore, near Ninth street.

ERENCH BOOKS-MENCH BOOKS—

Rousseau ; Les Confessions—2 vols, illustrated. 75 cents.

Rousseau ; La Nouvelle Heloise—2 vols, illustrated. 75 cents.

Voltaire ; Deticontaire Philosophique—5 v_{ijks}, illustrated. \$1 75.

Voltaire ; Le Siecle de Louis XV. 1 vol. illustrated. \$2 cents.

Voltaire ; La Henriade. 1 vol., illustrated. 37 cents.

Madamo de Savigne ; Lettres. 1 vol. 75 cents.

Louis Reyband ; Jorono Paturat. 30 cents.

Scribe ; Concelles Vandevilles. 30 cents.

Bolizae ; Le Cousin Pons. 30 cents.

Balizae ; Le Cousin Pons. 30 cents.

FRANCK TAYLOR. OFFICE OF THE CONSOLIDATED LOTTE-

The following are the drawn numbers of the Maryland Codery, for the benefit of Susquehanna canal, &c., class 8 26 60 50 58 39 67 66 30 3 53 61 24 25

66 7 33 54 51 68 27 29 61 65 30 19 The following are the drawn numbers of the Patapeco Institute Lot-ery, class 140, drawn June 18, 1857: 67 74 1 75 56 58 28 50 62 41 49 25 68

The following are the drawn numbers of the Maryland Consolidated Lottery, for the benefit of Pokemoke river, &c., class 18, drawn June 19, 1857: 17 33 65 75 13 23 55 69 21 24 26 The following are the drawn numbers of the Patapeco Institute Lot ory, class 141, drawn June 19, 1857;

26 46 13 41 7 54 5 34 78 28 31 63 The following are the drawn numbers of the Grand Con-ottery of Maryland, for the benefit of the Consolidated Lois laryland, class 18, drawn June 29, 1857:

32 1 73 2 66 30 61 49 15 3 65 68 The following are the drawn numbers of the l'atapsco Institute Loi lory, class 142, drawn June 20, 1857: 2 70 35 33 27 76 55 7 32 65 62 25 D. H McPhart, Commissioner.

E. FRANCE & Co., Managers,
June 23—14

American Gothic and Brass-Foil Roofing. INVENTED BY EUGENIO LATILLA, ARCHITECT, M. S. B. A., &c DESIGNS made for concrete churches, villus, cot-tagos, and farm buildings: Office, Golfsica, near Chappaqua, LOCAL NEWS.

TERRIBLE HALL STORM. The hail storm of Sunday last will long be remembered by our citizens. About half-past two c'clock the city was canopied by black and threaten-ing clouds; shortly after which vivid flashes of lightning darted here and there, followed by frightful peals of thun-

darted here and there, followed by frightful peaks of thun-der. The streets, which an hour previously were crowd-ed with people, were almost deserted, and those whe were to be seen were hurrying to a place of shelter. About three o'clock fierce gusts of wind swept down Pennsylvania avenue, raising clouds of dust so dense that the houses across the avenue could not be distinguished. Then came the rain-drops, wetting the streets and pave-ments, and pattering against the windows, and then the hail, at first small, but afterwards quite large, some of the stones of which, we are assured, weighted from half a hail, at first small, but afterwards quite large, some of the atones of which, we are assured, weighed from half a pound to a pound. The fury of the storm, we feel satisfied, did not last more than half an hour, and yet in that short space of time houses were unroofed, trees uproofed and stripped of their fruit and foliage, chimneys blown down, and thousands of panes of glass broken. Many a dumb animal was pelted to death, and many a promising crup was totally destroyed.

No little alarm was felt by our citizens. Mothers gathered together their children, and fathers used their utmost endeavors to quiet the apprehensions of their families. Some cried out, "The comet's come at last;" whilst others declared that it "was too late for the comet, and it was only its tail." It was not until the storm had ceased to rage, and the sun had shore forth, that quiet was restored.

was restored.

The appearance of the city after the storm was certain
ly frightful. *The streets were covered with hail-stones
of all shapes and sizes, and the leaves and limbs of trees and the gutters were swellen to the size of small rivers. The President's green-houses were nearly destroyed, and the damage to his garden has not been fully ascertained. The roof of the "White House" was somewhat damaged, and a number of lights were broken. The skylight of the Capitol, the glass of which is three-eighths light of the Capitol, the glass of which is three-eighths of an inch in thickness, was completely riddled, and, but for the prompt action of Captain Dunnington, considerable injury would have been done to the books of the Congressional Library. The carpet on the floor of the library will have to be taken up. From twenty-five to thirty pance of glass were broken and cracked in the sky-light of the House extension, and from five to six in the sky-light of the Senate extension The sky-lights of the Capitol work-shops were total ly demolished, and the number of panes of glass broker is estimated at between six and eight thousand. There not a whole pane of glass left in the temporary sky-light of the Capitol rotundo. The government green-houses, and all private green-houses, were almost complete-ly destroyed. The plants in the government greenhouses were not seriously injured. The observator of Senator Douglas was completely riddled, and abo one-third of the glass of Mr. Corcoran's observatory was broken. The Patent and Post Offices, owing to the

broken. The Patent and Post Offices, owing to the quality of the glass, have escaped without much damage. At least two thousand panes of glass were broken at the Smithsonian Institution.

A number of churches were damaged; some of them quite seriously. The principal hotel and boarding-house-keepers will be heavy losers; and, indeed, but few of our property-owners escaped loss either by the breakage of glass or damage to the roofs of their houses. The break-age of glass is estimated at about sixty thousand panes, and we do not think this above, but rather under, the mark. The damage to the gardens of the city will be very great, the hall stones cutting off and beating down e plants so that they cannot possibly revive. The pul-grounds are covered with green leaves and the limbs

ic grounds are covered with green leaves and the limbs of trees beaten off by the storm.

The damage to the street lamps was such as to prevent their being lighted at night, and consequently the city was shrouded in almost impeneuable darkness.

Fortunately, the storm was not wide-spread.

Rain commenced falling again about six o'clock, and continued at intervals throughout the night.

THE CITY COENCILS held their regular weekly in The Crry Coexcus held their regular weekly meeting yesterday afternoon. The Board of Aldermen passed the joint resolutions of thanks to the President of the United States, the cabinet officers, and others, for their prompt assistance to restore quiet to the city during the recent election riot; which resolutions were passed by the Common Council two weeks ago, and have already been pubmon Council two weeks ago, and have already lished. The resolutions were amended, however, by striking out the preamble, on account of the subject-matter being now before the grand jury of the District. This board also passed a resolution authorizing and requesting the city surveyor to establish the grade of Fact Capitol street, and report the same. It also confirmed the nomi-nation of John D. Clark as police magistrate in the second district, and of Stephen Coster as street commissioner for the Fifth and Sixth wards.

THE COMMON COUNCIL passed a bill authorizing the city to borrow \$25,000 on the strength of the revenues ac-

EFFECTS OF THE STORM.—Almost every body has some thing to say about damages by the storm of Sunday after-moon. One of our physicians happened to be out at the time, and both himself and horse were bruised by the hail-stones; particularly the quadruped. It is unnecessary to say that the pelting was understood by the animal as an intimation to quicken his pace. A lacerated back is the consequence. Two hogs, on Capitol Hill, were killed by the hall stones; their shelter having been blown over by the wind; thus exposing them to the "fury of the elements." A man in the neighborhood of the Long Bridge was knocked down by the hail, but, getting up, he managed to stagger to a place of safety.

ticles transacted a good business yesterday; the storm of Sunday afternoon having occasioned a demand for them beyond precedent. In every direction, particularly at houses fronting on the west, the glaziers were briskly at work, supplying omissions made by the hall-stones. Neither green-houses, nor White House, nor brick houses, nor frame houses, were spared. All were alike ex-posed to the "p-limps of the littless storm." Verily, glass and putty and glasiers were never in greater de-

MALICIOUS MISCHIEF. - A colored individual, nam Adolphus Backer, was recently sentenced by the crimina court to pay a fine of five doffars and costs. If we mistake not, he some time ago was inflamed with passion against a guitar, which a woman of his own complexion was carrying in the street; and, rudely seizing the musical instrument, he battered it to pieces on the curistone and then leisurely walked away with the lefty bearing of a conqueror! He was not susceptible of the influence of the "concord of sweet sounds," and hence it is certain he was eminently fitted for the "spoils."

THE MOUNT VERNON GUARDS, of Alexandria, were on visit to our city yesterday, and during the foremon paid their respects to the President of the United States, who received them with his usual courtesy. The corps presented a fine appearance, and were commendably soldle like in their movements.

THE PUBLIC HEALTH.—The commissioner records only sixty-one deaths for the month of May. Ten of them were by consumption, and seven by preumonia. The spring weather was a continuation of that of winter, and was of such a character as to produce either of these dis-cases, and to hurry persons suffering with the former to THE CRIMINAL COURT YESTERDAY. - Wm. Talbot, indict-

ed for receiving stolen goods, the property of Washington Bell, was acquitted. This was the only case tried. The court adjourned over until Friday, 10 o'clock, p. m.

Washington Branch Railroad.

N and after Sunday, 14th June, the express train which now starts at 4.30 will leave at 4.20 p. m. commencing.

A train will leave starting on at 7, a. m., and Baltimore at 5.15, p. June 13—1w

BY TELEGRAPH.

The Storm.

NEW YORK, June 22.—A tremendous storm broke over the city at midnight. It rained in torrents, and the aghtning was incessant for two hours, doing considerable large to buildings and trees.

Palladelphia, June 22.—The storm reached here at 11 o'clock last night. The thunder and lightning was very heavy, but there was no material damage done.

The Chesupeake and Ohio Canal

ALEXANDRIA, June 22.—The Gazette (extra) of this morning contains a letter from Williamsport, of the 19th, saying that the work on dam No. 5 was recommenced this morning, and the canal will be ready for the passage of boats in three weeks. President Maulsby has obtained from the Secretary of War, at Washington, permission for Captain Meigs to visit the work as advising engineer. There will be no difficulty about pecuniary means.

Bosros, June 20.—The committee of merchants and ship-owners, appointed at the recent meeting to consider the subject, reported in favor of abelishing advance wages to seamen; the rule to be modifiedly carried into effect on July 1st, and fully on January 1st ensuing.

Bosrox, June 20.—The 13th of July has been appointed by the president of the United States Agricultural Society for the national trial of reapers and mowers at Syracuse, New York. Seventy machines have already entered for correction.

Porrancern, (Va.,) June 22.—Charles Cowlan, a clerk in the post office of this city, was arrested to-day upon a charge of having embezzled over five thousand dollars from the mails. He was detected to-day, and about \$2,200 recovered. The discovery was made by the agent of the Post Office Department, J. L. Magnire, by placing bogus money in several packages direted to Wilmington, which on examination were found missing between this city and the latter place. After his arrest Cowlan acknowledged his guilt.

Assault on a Sheriff.

New York, June 22.—Sheriff Church and his deputies while proceeding to a sale of property for rent on Satur-day, in Berne, in Albany county, were fired upon from an ambush. The parties were arrested, and the sale pro-

COMMENCEMENT.—COLUMBIAN COL-LEGE.

THE ANNUAL COMMENCEMENT of this insti ution for the graduation of the senior class will be held on wondendup best at II o'clote, a. m., in the E street Reptic clurch. The annual discourse before the Association of the Alammi will be elivered at the 10th street Reptic church on Tuesday, at 8 o'clock, h. m., by the Beer Robert Ryland, president of Rehmond College, irginia.
Addresses before the Enosinian and Philophunian Society will be devered in the E street Raptist church on Monday at 8 o'clock v. m.

By A. GREEN, Auctioneer.

ALE OF EMPTY BARRELS at the Washington of government, by order of the navy agent, at the Washington navy, yard, at 12 o'clock, m...

230 empty flour barrels
20 " whiskey do.
5 " molasses do.
4 " vinegar do.

Terms cash.

A. GREEN,

By A. GREEN, Auctioneer.

A. GREEN, Auction

Tuition or Literary Employment.

A GENTLEMAN, educated at an English University, offers his servious as teacher of Greek, Latta, Mathematics, &c., in a family, or in any lossility where a spleet school and superior education are desired. The advertiser has written much for publishers, and could also underside the post of secretary, or the oditing of warks passing through the press. Address A. B. H., at Union Chille. June 20-1ws

Mutual Life Insurance Company of Connecticut, INCORPORATED IN 1846.

Capital. \$2,454,000. Annual dividend on life policies, 40 per or Ninety eight families we relieved during 1840 by paying \$214 905. Statements of the company's operations furnished. Those who in-stred at other agencies, and have removed to this city, can have their politicis renewed through June 13-41y

THE VETERANS OF CHELSEA HOSPITAL; by G. R. Gleig. 33 cents.
Routledge's Shakspoare, part 6. 23 cents.
Routledge's Shakspoare, part 6. 23 cents.
Just received at
June 20—3t
Bookst

TAYLOR & MAURY'S THOMAS R. SUTER, LURIS LEA, LUTHER R. SMOOT, Suran, Laa, & Co., Bunkers, Bankers,

WASHINGTON CITY.

S MOOT, RUSSELL, & CO., Bankers, I, eavenworth
City, K. T., dealers in exchange, uncurrent bank hoses, and land
warrants. Agents for the purchase and side of laude and city lots,
and all business appertaining to a first-class land agency.

Callections made on all accessible points in the United States and

LUTHER R. SMOOT, WM. H. RUSSELL,

Corner Main and Shawnes streets, opposite Planters' Hotel Ap 18—48-apien LITTLE DORRIT COMPLETE.—Various editions
50 cents, 75 cents, 51 50, and 52 50, illustrated. For sale at
TAYLOR & MAURY'S
June 19—31
Bookstore, near tan street.

ST. MARY'S SCHOOL, RADOGII, N. C.
REV. ALDERT SMEDES, D. D., Rector

THE Thirty-first Term of this School will begin on Wednesday, the 8th July. Punctual attendance of the pupils a desired.

For a circular containing full details apply to the Bector.

Jane 20—24

The Refrigerator.-The Arctic.

The Refrigerator.—The Arctic.

I WOULD invite notice to the advertisement in another column of SANFORD'S PATENT ARTIC REFRIGERATOR, and another column of SANFORD'S PATENT ARTIC REFRIGERATOR, and another column of SANFORD'S PATENT ARTIC REFRIGERATOR, and another column of should be a stopped by the stopped by the articles commonly called refrigerators, but more properly hos-booses, are so poorly made that they must be kept more properly hos-booses, are so poorly made that they must be kept more properly hos-booses, are so poorly made that they must be kept one of sight in the cellar, or some such place.

The Arctic is provided with a water far and movable sheives, enabling the compartments to be greatly varied, so as to accommodate numerous small articles or give space for one large one.

One of the many improvements just added is the providing each compartment with a distinct lock and key, so that one or more can be kept private, whilst the rest is open to common use, which improvement will be duly appreciated by many housefveners with a fave sustered from pilitering domestics.

For sale by

E. WOODWARD,

No. 345 Pean, avenue, between 10th and 11th streets,

Manufacturer's Agent.

N. R.—Those purchasing refrigerators are requested to call at m tore and examine Prof. Page's certificate in regard to the above. June 20—34col

SANDFORDS NEW SELF-PURIFYING AND ventilator Arctic refrigerator, patented November 13, 1
After many years' experience in manufacturing refrigerators, with confidence recommend this one as being the best and me venticutly constructed for cooling and preserving meats, milk, fruit, wines, de. All of the compartments are guarantied day, quently free from mould, moisture, and impure edge, and will ke viands placed in them in a better and harder condition than other refrigerator now before the public.

other refrigerator now before the public.

ORTIAN & CO.,

Owners of right for Maryland, District of Columbia, Virginia, North and South Carolina.

For sale by

C. WOODWARD,

Washington, D. C.

N. R.—I bare other kinds of refrigerators at my house farmleling wareroom, 318 Pennsylvania avenue, between 10th and 11th streets. Balcony in front full of goods.

May 30—6t

The Bonaparte Estate.

The Bonaparte Estate.

A T public sale, on Wednesday, June 24, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchanta Exchange, New York, the excessive part and grounds of Henry Beckett, esq., singular day Busselintown, New Jersey, formerly the property of Joseph Runaparte, containing two hundred and thirty four acres of land. A large and very handsome modern mandon, about sixty feet square, with three-story wing and requisite out-buildings, has lately been eracted on the most oligible perition of the park, commanding a splendid view of the river Polaware. The honge is built in an unusually substantial manner, handsomely finished throughout, and with all the convenience of agentisment's town residence. Its convenient position for travelling is unsurpassed, there being six or seven daily lines of communication between New York and Philadelphia, and branches to the western and northern parts of Pennsylvanis, making it peculiarly eligible for a large public mediants.

insutation.

The house is handsomely furnished throughout, and the whole of the personal property may be had if desired.

Maps, showing the location and extent, with full particulars, may be had on application to ALBERT H. NICOLAY, Auctioneer, New York.

Bank or rue Meriorous,
Washington, June 8, 1857.

THE stackholders of this bank are hereby notified that an election for nine trustees of the bank will be held at the banking bone Monday, the 6th of Joly next, to herve for the year then next custing.

The polls will be opened at 10 o'clock, n. m., and close at 2 o'clock, p. m.

SICHARD SMITH, Cashier, June 6-eodt30Junedt8Julyif

NEW YORK ADVERTISEMENTS.

SALANT STORY THAN THE TIME

Ben. & E. A. Whitlack & Co. 13 Beekman Street, corner of Nassau, opposite the Asto

ORS OF THE PREMIUM CHAMPAGNE, CREMANT CABINET IMPORTERS of Cognac brandies for druggists' and merchants' use, from Otard, Dopny, & Co., Hennessey, Finet, Castillon, & Co., and other houses of the lighest repriation; and sole propertors of the celebrated brandles, in the native proof and flavor of Cognac, viz:

Vineyard of Chateau Bernard,
Liquetir des chatipet d'or,
Superior vineyard, view Cognac

Exclusive importers of the Old Royal Hollands.

Old Royal Bottands
Hargemaster Schmapps,
And several brands of Sherry, Maderia, and Port wines, &c., &c.
Ales, porters, and cigars direct from shippers. CHAMPAGNE, CREMANT.

R. M. & E. A. W. & Co. are the exclusive owners of this wine, and are in receipt of shipments by regular packets, and beg those who may not have given it a trial to do so, under their guarantee that is will be found superior in delicacy of flavor and quality to any wine as present imported.

Henj M. Whitlock, Edw d A. Whitlock, Frod'k J. Haverstick Oliver W. Dodge, Henry Camneyer, May 26—1y* BEN & E. A. WHITLOCK & CO.

1857.

WILSON G. HUNT & CO., IMPORTER 30 to 36 Park Place,

Wheeler & Wilson

MANUFACTURING COMPANY'S IMPROVED SEWING MACHINES

THESE machines combine all the improvement that have been invented. Their extensive and increasing and the unanimous approval and commendation that they have related, warrant the proprietors in warmly recommending them. The have been in use sufficiently long to test them thoroughly, and have one universalisation.

are:

1st. Beauty and simplicity of construction, and consequent freedom from derangement and need of repairs.

2d. Unexampled case and rapidity of operation.

3d. Noisoless movement.

4th. The remarkable perfection of their stuching, and their application to a variety of purposes and materials.

Principal office No. 343 Broadway, New York; and at their agencies in the principal cities of the Union.

Pashionable Dry Goods in New York. N immense assertment of seasonable fabrics con-stantly on hand; also, a full and ATTRACTIVE STOCK OF CARPETINGS,

ou cloths, mattings, rugs, mats, curtain materials, lace curtains, gir cornices, window shades, &c., &c., &c., MUCH PELOW REGUIAR PRICES1

10RD & TAYLOR, 255, 257, 250, and 261 Grand stree and 47 and 40 Catherine str Cyrus W. Field & Co.,

NVITE the attention of dealers and consumers to their large stock of printing, writing, wrapping, and all other linds of paper, which they offer for sale at the lowest market prices. May 26-15

Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York Trinity Building, 111 Broadway.

THE assets of this company amount to nearly four millions or notians, and are entirely eash, of which three million as hundred thousand dollars are invested on bond and mortque on real estate in the city and State or New York valued at nine million of dollars.

The entire profits, already amounting to one million six kundred thousand dollars, are the property of the policy holders.

thousand dollars, are the property of the found of application and pamphiots giving every information of application and pamphiots giving every information of applying at the office or to any of the company's age FIREPER & WINSTON, Fresident, SAAG ABBATT, Secretary, SHEPER HOMANS, Actuary, SHEPER DOMANS, Actuary, MINTURN POST, M. D., Medical Ex-

S. C. Herring & Co.'s Patent Champion Safes THE subscribers, grateful for past favors, and fading that a discriminating public were bestowing their patronage to that extent that more warerooms were mecassary to exhibit all their steek, have chilarged their depot, by opening an extensive ware and salesroom on Broadway, at No. 231, corner of Murray street, opposite the City Hall. This culargement of warehouse room, with the recont extensive enlargement of their factory, will enable the subscribers to keep on hand at all times a larges skeek of fire and burglar proof safes than any other establishment in the world. Particular attention will be had to constructing safes for private families to match with other furniture, for the security of plate and jewelry.

will keep on hand and make to order all kinds of money chests, vidoors, and bank vanits. Hall's patent powder-proof locks for he or store doors; Jones's patent permutation bank lock; and Grygipatent letter lock, without key.

Nos. 135, 137, and 139 Water street, and
No. 251 Brontway, corner Murray st., New York.
F. COYLE & C.O., Agents
Washington, D. C.
H. W. KNOWLES, Agent
Eichmond, Virginia. R. C. HERRING & Co.

William Grandin AND UNITED STATES COURT OF CLAIMS CO

or Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Connecticut, Itho ennsylvanta, Ohio, Indiana, Michigan, Iowa, Wis-usin, Kentucky, Tennessee, Londsuna, Ala-bama, Mississippi, Georgia, Florida, &c. oraska, Minussota, and the United States Territories.

No. 70 Franklin street, New York

Pensions, patents, and bounties speedily obtained. All kinds of law business successfully proceeded. Special attention paid to Court of Claims business. May 26—0m We would call attention to the card of Wm. Grandin, esq., who is commissioner for most of the States and Territories, and is also commissioner in the Canol States Court of Claims. Colonel Grandin is thoroughly conversant with business connected with the departments at Washington and the practice of the United States Court of Claims.

[New Fork Duily News.

WHLARD'S HOTEL, J. C. & H. A. Willard, Pennsylvania avenue and Fourteenth street, Washington, D. C. TOR SALE OR RENT.—That desirable brick dwelling home situated on the east side of Congress sirect, near itself and atreet, on Georgetown Heights. The house contains ten rooms, including the kitchen and all necessary out-buildings. It is surrounded by a lot 150 feat front by 240 feet deep, with a 30 fot alley running the whole length of the south side of the same.

Adjoining the above property I have a everal fune building lots, which I will sell on reasonable terms. Title indisputable, and immediate possession given.

For further particulars apply at my office, opposite the Treasury, Ap 11—400f.

BROOKE H. WHALANS.

Washington Insurance Company.

THIS Company is now prepared to receive appli-cations for insurance on buildings, merchandise, &c., at the usual city rates, without any charge for policy, at their office, corner of Tenth street and Penn. avenue, over the Washington City Savings.

Wm. F. Bayly, Robert Farniam, Wm. Orme, Francis Mohun, Benj. Beall. Samuel Bacon, James F. Haliday Hudson Taylor, M. W. Galt,

JAMES C. MeGUIRE, President. G. D. Harson, Secretary. May 29—dly

Will be published on the 28th of June THE IMPENDING CRESS OF THE SOUTH-HOW TO MEET IT.

1 vol., 12me, 420 pages. Price \$1. Sent free of postage on receipt June 13-3m*j

Publishers, a Spruce street, New York.

OST—On Thursday evening, the 28th instant, a long white lace scarf. The finder shall be liberally rewarded by leaving it at 430 Fifteenth street.

May 30—If Piar. 1

HERRINGS, &c. —

200 harrels No. 1 herrings

500 sacks fine salt

125 boxes pearl starch.

Just received from Boston and New York, and for sale by

June 201—30fcod

MURRAY & SEMMOS.

BY HINTON BOWAN HELPER,